

UNIÃO EUROPEIA

DELEGAÇÃO NO BRASIL

## Entrance conditions/requests in Member States 09/04/2021

		COVID test	Comments
	COUNTRY	requested to enter	
		+ quarantine	
1	ÁUSTRIA	+ quarantine Mandatory 10 days quarantine + PRE-TRAVEL CLEARANCE: travelers MUST register online before entering Austria (Pre- Travel Clearance - PTC) at www.oesterreich. gv.at. (or COVID-Test not older than 72	<ul> <li>MANDATORY QUARANTINE         Any person for whom the above exceptions apply will be subject to a 10-day quarantine at their residence or at an appropriate accommodation at their own cost. The residence or accommodation may not be left for the quarantine period. Quarantine may be terminated upon presentation of a negative result of a molecular-biological or antigen test for SARS-CoV-2 taken no earlier than five days after entry, or for the purpose of departure from Austria.     </li> <li>Persons travelling for professions reasons and holders of a diplomatic "legitimation card" issued by Austria are exempt from mandatory quarantine if, upon entry, they present a medical certificate confirming a negative result of a molecular-biological or antigen test for SARS-CoV-2 taken no earlier than 72 hours prior to entering Austria.     <li>ENTRY RESTRICTIONS         Austria currently bans the entry of all travelers arriving from outside the European Union (or the EEA, Switzerland, Andorra, Monaco, San Marino, the Vatican, United Kingdom, or other low risk countries and territories listed in <u>Annex A</u> of the COVID-19 Entry Regulation).     </li> <li>Exceptions apply inter alia for:         <ul> <li>Austrian, EU, EEA, Swiss and UK citizens and persons living in the same household</li> <li>Holders of a D visa or residence permit issued by Austria</li> </ul> </li> <li>Persons with a residence in Austria (i.e. holders of a "Meldezettel"), the EU, EEA, or Andorra, Monaco, San Marino, the Vatican, Switzerland or the UK and persons living in the same household</li> <li>Holders of a diplomatic "legitimation card" issued by Austria</li> <li>Business travelers (entry for professional reasons), including sport professionals and artists)</li> </li></ul>
		hours in some	• Students and researchers
		cases)	• <b>GENERAL EXEMPTIONS</b> Persons entering Austria for the following purposes are not subject to COVID-19 entry restrictions or mandatory quarantine:
			<ul> <li>Transit through Austria without stop or unnecessary delay. A change in mode of transportation is admissible</li> </ul>

			<ul> <li>Entry for particularly considerable reasons within the family that are unexpected and urgent (i.e. severe cases if illness, deaths, fnerals, births, as well as people in need of support in emergency situations). The reason(s) must be credibly established upon entry into Austria. The entry in relation to other important but predictable events within the family (i.e. weddings, baptisms, birthdays or the non-regular visit of life partners) is subject to quarantine regulations.</li> <li>Regular visits of a life partner (monthly or more frequent)</li> <li>Regular travel (commuting) for professional or educational reasons</li> <li>Absolutely necessary medical services if the recipient is either Austrian Citizen, is subject to mandatory health insurance in Austria, or hold a treatment conformation from an Austrian hospital. The absolute medical necessity of the medical services must be certified by a licensed physician. One accompanying person is acceptable (medical certificate or quarantine necessary).</li> <li>FAQs of the Federal Ministry of Health on entry requirements can be found at <a href="https://tinyurl.com/EntryReqAT200727">https://tinyurl.com/EntryReqAT200727</a></li> </ul>
2	BELGIUM	COVID test - for all non- residents from 6 years old: PCR test carried out within 72 hours before departure - in any case (residents and non-residents, regardless of the negative test required before arrival) : PCR test on the 1st and 7th day upon arrival Quarantine : 10 days in any case	<ul> <li>All non-essential travel to Belgium, with the exception of return travel by residents of Belgium, is prohibited until at least April 1, 2021, regardless of the nationality of the traveler. Persons traveling for an essential reason (see the list of categories at https://www.info-coronavirus.be/en/travels/) must complete and print a declaration of hongr (template available on the same website) and take it with them. along with the documents proving the essential reason for the travel.</li> <li>Brazilian citizens and citizens of other countries outside the European Union exempt from the visa requirement can travel to Belgium without a visa for the essential reasons listed at <a href="https://www.info-coronavirus.be/en/travels/">https://www.info-coronavirus.be/en/travels/</a> for less than 90 days within a 180 day period. In these cases, the Belgian Consulate General in São Paulo can issue an essential travel certificate in order to be able to prove the essential reason for the trip. Partners (out of wedlock or stable union) are under some conditions considered family members and can as such travel to Belgium with a certificate issued by the Consulate General of Belgium in São Paulo. Contact by email to saopaulo@diplobel.fed.be for more information.</li> <li>All passengers arriving in Belgium, regardless of nationality, residence, country of origin, purpose of travel and means of transport, must complete the Public Health Passenger Locator Form electronically and submit it online within 48 hours before arriving in Belgium, and respect all the directions received by SMS, as well as those available on the page <a href="https://www.info-coronavirus.be/en/travels/">https://www.info-coronavirus.be/en/travels/</a>.</li> <li>All travelers from the United Kingdom, South Africa or South America (including Brazil) must undergo a compulsory PCR Covid-19 test on the 1st and 7th days after arrival in Belgium and a quarantine (absolute interdiction of leaving the residence or accommodation for any reason</li></ul>

3	BULGARIA	Mandatory COVID-Test before entering OR 14 days quarantine	<ul> <li>The new restrictions for entering Bulgaria are valid until the 31th January:         <ul> <li>LIST OF LOW RISK COUNTRIES (Austria, Belgium, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain and Sweden, plus the United Kingdom, Iceland, Norway, Liechtenstein, Switzerland, Andorra, Monaco, San Marino, Vatican City, as well as Australia, Canada, Georgia, Japan, Morocco, New Zealand, Rwanda, South Korea, Thailand, Tunisia, Uruguay, Jordan and Ukraine}.</li> <li>EU citizens entering from countries with high risk like Brazil must present PCR test taken in 72 hours before entering or 14 days quarantine;</li> <li>Nationals from countries from countries with high risk cannot enter Bulgaria, with the exception of family members of Bulgarian citizens, humanitarian cases, etc.</li> <li>Diplomats and international officials of organizations can enter Bulgaria and they are exempt from presenting PCR test or quarantine.</li> <li><a href="http://www.mh.government.bg/bg/novini/aktualno/">http://www.mh.government.bg/bg/novini/aktualno/</a></li> </ul></li></ul>
4	CROATIA	Mandatory 14 days quarantine	<ul> <li>If foreigners do not hold the citizenship of an EU/EEA Member State or the aforementioned countries, nor have regulated stay in those countries and travel from a non-member country due to urgent personal reasons, they must prove their reason for entering the Republic of Croatia upon arriving at the border crossing point which could be: urgent personal reasons or if you are the owner or lessee (also applies to leaseholders) of real estate, movable property or seagoing vessel (ship, yacht, etc.) in the Republic of Croatia. A quarantine / self-isolation measure with health supervision for 14 days has been determined for these persons, with the possibility of shortening its duration to 7 days, if a person gets their nose and throat swabbed at their own expense seven days after entering Croatia and receives a negative PCR test result for SARS-CoV-2.</li> <li>If foreigners who do not hold the citizenship of an EU/EEA Member State or the aforementioned countries nor have regulated stay in those countries want to enter the Republic of Croatia due to: Business reasons or economic interest of the Republic of Croatia, Tourist reasons or Education. These persons are not subject to a quarantine / self-isolation measure if they present a negative PCR result of a nasal and throat swab for SARS-Cov-2 at the border crossing point, which is not older than 48 hours when entering Croatia, they will be allowed to enter Croatia, however, they will be obligated to self-isolate and re-test themselves in Croatia at their own expense. The above can be applied to passengers and crew members on yachts.</li> <li>Persons who do not present a negative PCR result are subject to a mandatory 14-day quarantine / self-isolation measure.</li> <li>In order to shorten the procedure at the border crossing point, we advise you to fill the announcement in advance at <u>https://entercroatia.mup.hr</u></li> <li>TRANSIT : Passengers in transit may travel through the Republic of Croatia provided that it is possible to enter or trans</li></ul>

		NV41.pdf
5		<ul> <li>It is noted that passengers coming from countries of this Category shall be required to undergo a PCR laboratory test within 72 hours prior to departure and to possess a certificate showing a negative PCR result. Excluding category number 2 above, passengers may</li> </ul>
6	CZECH REPUBLIC	<ul> <li>New conditions on the 09<sup>th</sup> November</li> <li>All passengers travelling from the countries that are not on the list of the countries with a low risk of COVID-19 transmission ("the red countries") have to fill the Public Health Passenger Locator Form before entering the country: <u>http://www.prijezdovyformular.cz</u></li> <li>Different conditions depending from where the traveller is arriving.</li> <li>Příjezdový formulář Vstup do ČR od 9.11</li> <li>9.11_EN v2.pdf - link_EN.pdf</li> </ul>
7	stron	<ul> <li>than 24 hours before boarding.</li> <li>Requirement on negative COVID-19-test is prolonged until 20 April included.</li> <li>To prevent the spreading of the British and South African mutations of COVID-19, the Danish government has imposed a flight ban on</li> </ul>

		to do 10 days self- isolation	<ul> <li>Passengers, who previously have been infected with COVID-19 and therefore are unable to present a negative test result must present a positive COVID-19 test result from a test performed between 14 days and eight weeks prior to the flight. These passengers are no longer perceived to be contagious.</li> <li>There are currently no specific requirements as to the type of COVID-19 test. The test must show whether a person is infected with COVID-19. This means that both PCR tests and antigen tests are accepted in connection with entry into Denmark whereas antibody tests do not meet the requirement.</li> <li>It should be noted that the test requirement also applies to Danish nationals and residents of Denmark.</li> </ul>
8	ESTONIA	No mandatory tests but mandatory self- isolation for the persons arriving from certain countries	<ul> <li>Based on the coronavirus infection rate, starting from Monday 13 July, a two-week self-isolation requirement applies to people arriving in Estonia from Sweden, Portugal, Romania, Bulgaria, Croatia, the Czech Republic and Luxembourg.</li> <li>From the list of third countries agreed in the European Union (Algeria, Australia, Canada, Georgia, Japan, Morocco, Montenegro, New Zealand, Rwanda, Serbia, South Korea, Thailand, Tunisia and Uruguay), anyone arriving from Montenegro and Serbia must self-isolate.</li> <li>Information about countries and requirements is available on the website of the Foreign Ministry: <a href="https://wm.ee/en/information-countries-and-self-isolation-requirements-passengers">https://wm.ee/en/information-countries-and-self-isolation-requirements-passengers</a></li> <li>However, due to the spread of the coronavirus, the Foreign Ministry strongly advises against travel, except for European countries where the rate of infection is below 16 per 100 000 inhabitants in the past 14 days, and where mandatory self-isolation on return does not apply.</li> </ul>
9	FINLAND	No mandatory tests before entering Finland but the PCR-test will be taken from everybody on arrival from abroad (the test will be free of charge)Voluntary 10-day quarantine for most countries (can be shortened by taking 2x tests).	<ul> <li>Internal border control will continue to be in place in travel between Finland and Austria, Belgium, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Lithuania, Poland, Latvia, Liechtenstein and Switzerland, with the exception of pleasure craft travel See category 1 instructions in the link below.</li> <li>For Brazilians: entry is restricted; those with residence permit or other essential reason (for example intimate relationship, one's own wedding, representatives of culture, sports and business life if entry is justifiable) are permitted to cross the border. Full exception list in the link below (category 2).</li> <li>Transit possible (e.g. to Estonia)</li> <li>A 10-day period of self-isolation is recommended for travellers arriving in Finland</li> <li>Guideline for Finnish Borders: <a href="https://raja.fi/en/guidelines-for-border-traffic-during-pandemic#">https://raja.fi/en/guidelines-for-border-traffic-during-pandemic#</a></li> <li>Quarantine instructions: <a href="https://raja.fi/en/web/infectious-diseases-and-vaccinations/what-s-new/coronavirus-covid-19-latest-updates/travel-and-the-coronavirus-pandemic">https://raja.fi/en/web/infectious-diseases-and-vaccinations/what-s-new/coronavirus-covid-19-latest-updates/travel-and-the-coronavirus-pandemic</a></li> </ul>
10	FRANCE	Test mandatory when arriving from Brazil	• As from 31 January, all arrivals in France from countries outside the European Area and all departures from France to those countries will therefore be prohibited, except for compelling reasons. <u>Consult the list of compelling reasons in the official declaration for exceptional travel</u>

	(conducted less than 72 hours before boarding) + self-isolate for seven days on arrival + second PCR test at the end of that period	<ul> <li>Some categories of persons are allowed to enter French territory. Consult the list (<u>https://br.ambafrance.org/Covid-19-Foire-aux-questions</u>)</li> <li>All travelers arriving in France need to present a negative PCR test conducted less than 72 hours before boarding. Only PCR tests will be accepted.</li> <li>Travellers must also carry an international travel certificate and a declaration of honour (see the Ministry of the Interior's website to download them)</li> <li>Travelers will also be required to self-isolate for seven days on arrival, and to take a second PCR test at the end of that period.</li> <li>Travelers with an urgent reason to travel to France from countries without tests may request a travel pass from their nearest consulate. They will be tested immediately upon arrival in France and must remain in isolation for seven days in an establishment designated by the authorities. In France you should download the TousAntiCovid app and follow its health recommendations.</li> <li>Moreover, a nightly curfew from 6 PM to 6 AM is currently in force in Metropolitan France. For all information on this issue, visit <u>https://www.gouvernement.fr/en/coronavirus-covid-19</u></li> <li><u>https://www.diplomatie.gouv.fr/fr/</u></li> </ul>
11 GERN	Test mandatory when arriving from Brazil (max 48h before entry) Mandatory 5 or 10 days quarantine	<ul> <li>ENTRY RESTRICTIONS from 31 January at least until 14 April: A travel ban has been imposed on countries with widespread occurrence of SARS-CoV-2 virus variants of concern</li> <li>Exceptions to the transport ban and restrictions on entry from areas of variants of concern apply to the following persons and in the following cases:</li> <li>German citizens and members of their immediate family who are citizens of countries outside of the EU and are travelling with the German citizen. "Immediate family members" are spouses, registered civil partners, minor children and parents of minor children;         <ul> <li>persons who are legal residents of Germany;</li> <li>persons who are only transferring from one flight to another and remain in the airport transit area without entering Germany; transit to other Schengen state not possible</li> <li>cargo transport staff and other staff needed for the transport of goods (including mail, freight and empty carriers, as well as returning aircraft, ships and crews);</li> <li>medical staff (physicians and nurses) and other escort staff needed for air ambulance and organ transplant flights;</li> <li>persons travelling to Germany for urgent humanitarian reasons. Urgent humanitarian reasons include the following:</li></ul></li></ul>

		<ul> <li>Travellers (aged six years or older) that have stayed in Brazil within the last 10 days prior to their entry to Germany are also required to undergo a COVID-19-test up to 48 hours before entry to Germany. Travellers must present the test result digitally or in print in German, English or French to the transport company/airline prior to travelling.</li> <li>Travellers are required to proceed directly to their destination following entry into Germany and self-isolate at home or other suitable accommodation for 10 days (quarantine).</li> <li>Exception: transit         <ul> <li>The obligation to self-isolate at home does not apply in the case of transit through Germany. In this case, however, travellers are obliged to leave Germany immediately. The specific regulations of the federal states apply.</li> <li>Exception: negative test result after 5 days             Depending on the regulations of the federal states, the quarantine may end after 5 days if a test for Coronavirus carried out on the fifth day after entry to Germany or later is negative.             It is highly recommended to consult the website of the federal state of final destination.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Further information can be found on the website of the Federal Ministry of Health <a href="https://www.bundesgesundheitsministerium.de/coronavirus/current-information-for-travellers.html">https://www.bundesgesundheitsministerium.de/coronavirus/current-information-for-travellers.html</a> </li> </ul>
12 G	GREECE Until April 19: mandatory negative COVID PCR test & 7-day quarantine (plus second COVID PCR test for passengers coming from the UK)	"Protocol for Arrivals in Greece"; it includes information on the departure airport, the residence or sojourn address in Greece, the time of sojourn etc. After the electronic submission of the PLF form, the incoming passenger will receive (by e-mail, and by midnight of the day of arrival in Greece) a special barcode, which is considered as a travel document. Incoming passengers should present to the authorized staff of the National Public Health Agency a virtual or hard copy of the completed PLF form, displaying the above-mentioned barcode. International passengers should also present the above mentioned documents (negative COVID-19 PCR test, medical certificate,

12			https://www.mfa.gr/en/index.html         https://travel.gov.gr/#/         • From 1 September ONLY Hungarian citizens and their family members are allowed to enter to Hungary.
13	HUNGARY	Brazilian citizens are allowed only upon a special permission; mandatory 14 days quarantine	<ul> <li>From 1 September ONLY Hungarian citizens and their family members are allowed to enter to Hungary.</li> <li>Therefore, Brazilian citizens are not allowed to enter Hungary, with the exception of those given a special exemption based on a leniency application. Applications are to be submitted at <a href="http://www.police.hu/hu/ugyintezes/elektronikus-ugyintezes/meltanyossagi-kerelem-magyarorszagra-torteno-beutazashoz">http://www.police.hu/hu/ugyintezes/elektronikus-ugyintezes/meltanyossagi-kerelem-magyarorszagra-torteno-beutazashoz</a> and will be assessed by the responsible police authorities.</li> <li>A mandatory health check is carried out at the state border. Should medical checks reveal the suspicion of COVID-19 infection; the entry will be denied. Should medical checks not reveal the suspicion of COVID-19 infection, the epidemiological authority would order a mandatory home quarantine for 14 days.</li> </ul>
14	IRELAND	Mandatory RT- PCR test 72 hours before arrival Travellers arriving from Brazil: mandatory hotel quarantine in effect from 26 March Visas now required for Brazilians	<ul> <li>The overall government advice remains to avoid non-essential travel.</li> <li>Until further notice: <ul> <li>Brazilians now need an entry visa</li> <li>Visas will only be issued in <u>emergency situations</u></li> <li>All passengers arriving from or transiting through Brazil will need to do <u>mandatory hotel quarantine</u>: <u>www.gov.ie/quarantine</u></li> </ul> </li> <li>From 16 January until further notice, all passengers arriving into Ireland are required to have a negative / 'not detected' result from a pre-departure COVID-19 PCR test taken within 72 hours prior to arrival in Ireland. Passengers may be asked to present evidence of their negative/'not detected' result before boarding their airplane or ferry, and will be required to produce this evidence to Immigration Officers on arrival at points of entry to the State.</li> <li>Children aged six and under will be exempt from the requirement for PCR test, as will essential supply chain workers and a specified set of other rare exceptions.</li> <li>All passengers arriving into Ireland from overseas are obliged to complete a <u>COVID-19 Passenger Locator Form</u> before entry. Failure to complete the form could result in the issuing of penalties, including a fine of up to €2,500 or imprisonment for up to 6 months.</li> <li>Passengers arriving from green and orange regions (as defined by the EU traffic light system) will not be requested to restrict their movements on arrival but are asked to comply with the local public health guidance.</li> <li>For the time being, travellers from countries outside the EU / EEA will be treated like travellers from 'red' / 'grey' regions.</li> </ul>
15	ITALY	Negative molecular or antigenic swab test result taken within 72 hours before entering the country + on	<ul> <li>Entry to Italy of travellers who visited or transited through Brazil in the last 14 days before arriving in Italy is allowed only in the following cases (provided that they do not show symptoms of COVID-19): <ul> <li>persons who have been resident in Italy since before 13 February 2021;</li> <li>officials and other servants, however designated, of the European Union or international organisations, diplomatic agents, administrative and technical staff of diplomatic missions, consular officials and personnel, and members of the armed forces and law enforcement agencies engaged in their official duties;</li> <li>persons travelling for essential reasons and specifically authorised by the Ministry of Health to enter Italy.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

	arrival + self- isolation	<ul> <li>+ cases authorized in a decree published on 02/03/2021: <a href="https://ambbrasilia.esteri.it/ambasciata_brasilia/pt/ambasciata/news/dall-ambasciata/2021/03/attenzione-avviso-urgente-dpcm.html">https://ambbrasilia.esteri.it/ambasciata_brasilia/pt/ambasciata/news/dall-ambasciata/2021/03/attenzione-avviso-urgente-dpcm.html</a> + http://www.governo.it/it/articolo/covid-19-il-presidente-draghi-firma-il-nuovo-dpcm/16343</li> <li>In these cases, travellers are allowed entry to Italy only if they:         <ul> <li>a) present to the carrier on boarding, and to any other control authority, a negative molecular or antigenic swab test result taken within 72 hours before entering the country;</li> <li>b) accept to take a molecular or antigenic swab test on arrival at the airport, port or border crossing, where possible, or within 48 hours from entering the country at their local health authority. Travellers entering Italy with a flight from Brazil must take a swab test on arrival at the airport;</li> <li>c) undertake, regardless of the swab test result in point b) above, to self-isolate under medical supervision for a period of fourteen days, at their home or other place of residence, subject to communication of their arrival to the Prevention Department of the competent local health authority;</li> <li>d) accept to take an additional molecular or antigenic swab test at the end of the fourteen day self-isolation period;</li> </ul> </li> <li>Transport and haulage personnel engaged in transporting passengers and freight shall not be required to self-isolate in Italy (unless they show symptoms of COVID-19) although they shall be required to take a molecular or antigenic swab test on arrival at the airport, port or border crossing, where possible, or within 48 hours from entering the country at their local health authority.</li> </ul> <li>More information: <ul> <li>https://www.esteri.it/mae/en/ministero/norm</li></ul></li>
16 LATVIA	Mandatory COVID-19 PCR test issued within the last 72 hours, mandatory 10 days self-isolation for certain countries, mandatory electronic form before arriving <u>https://covidpass.</u> <u>lv/en/</u> mandatory second test upon arrival	<ul> <li>From 17 March additional requirements for travellers from outside EU. If flight to Latvia crosses the EU'S outer border, the 2<sup>nd</sup> COVID-19 test must be taken immediately upon arrival in Latvia upon person's own expense. If the test result is negative, mandatory self-isolation for 10 days at the place of residence. If the test result is positive, immediate 10-day self-isolation at a hotel, staying there at own expense.</li> <li>Persons returning to/entering Latvia have to present a negative Covid-19 test result or other medical document confirming that the person is not infectious. The certificate must be issued within the last 72 hours. Only the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) test is valid. It must be written in English, French, Russian or the official language of the country of departure. The boarding will be denied due to absence of the test.</li> <li>Persons returning to/entering Latvia are required to complete and submit an electronic form https://covidpass.lv/en/ no earlier than 48 hours before entering Latvia.</li> <li>Mandatory 10 day self-isolation for countries with a high number of confirmed COVID-19 cases. The list of countries - on the website of the Latvian Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (Slimību profilakses un kontroles centrs) https://www.spkc.gov.lv/lv/valstu-saslimstibas-raditaji-ar-covid-19-0 (the list is updated weekly - on Friday and comes into force on Saturday).</li> <li>Countries outside the EU/EEA and the UK: Council Recommendation (EU) 2020/912 on the temporary restriction on non-essential travel into the EU and the possible lifting of such restriction: https://data.consilium.europa.eu/doc/document/ST-10095-2020-INIT/en/pdf</li> </ul>

		from countries outside EU	
17	LITHUANIA		
18	LUXEMBOURG	Mandatory Covid test performed up to 72 hours before the flight. Person arriving from a third country has to undergo an additional rapid antigen test upon arrival at Luxembourg airport. In case of refusal to undergo 2nd test, person will remain in quarantine for a period of 14 days.	<ul> <li>Given the evolution of the SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus at the international level and the circulation of mutated strains of the SARS-CoV-2 virus whose transmissibility appears to be higher, and which therefore exposes the population to an increased risk of infection, the Ministry of Foreign and European Affairs and the Ministry of Health would like to inform you about the new health measures applicable from 29 January 2021 included, for any travel by air to the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg.</li> <li>Anyone, regardless of nationality, aged 6 or over, wishing to travel by air to the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, must present upon boarding the negative result (on paper or electronic document) of a test that detects SARS-CoV-2 nucleic acid, or of a rapid antigen test, performed up to 72 hours before the flight. The negative test result must be presented, if necessary, accompanied by a translation, in one of the administrative languages of Luxembourg or in English. All departures to Luxembourg are therefore concerned, including those from Member states of the European Union or the Schengen area, will have to undergo an additional rapid antigen test upon arrival at Luxembourg airport. In case of refusal to undergo the schengen area, will have to undergo an additional rapid antigen test upon arrival at Luxembourg airport. In case of refusal to undergo the test result upon arrival a law to undergo an additional rapid antigen test upon arrival at Luxembourg including do non-essential travel, namely Australia, South Korea, Japan, New Zealand, Rwanda, Singapore, and Thailand.</li> <li>Are exempt from these obligations:         <ul> <li>People on duty employed in the transport sector and passengers in transit at the airport;</li> <li>People on duty employed in the transport sector and passengers in transit at the airport;</li> <li>People who make a round trip by air, for less than 72 hours, from the Grand Duchy to a country which is a member of the Schengen area or of the Europ</li></ul></li></ul>
19	MALTA	Mandatory 14 days quarantine	<ul> <li>At this point in time a Brazilian national who does not hold a valid Maltese passport or Residency card cannot travel to Malta as Brazil is not a listed as a safe-corridor country.</li> <li>In cases where a Maltese national holder of a valid Maltese passport or valid Residency card wants to travel from Brazil to Malta via a 'safe corridor' country as listed in Legal Notice 290/20, s/he has to stay in that transit country for a period of not less than 14 days and submit a negative swab test certificate to the Maltese Health authorities valid for 7 days from entry in Malta. Furthermore, as per Legal Notice 333/20 of 2020, incoming travellers from the 'safe' corridor' countries should access the 'amber' list of corridor countries which is published from week to week.</li> </ul>

			<ul> <li>Passengers from 'amber' list of corridor countries must produce a negative PCR COVID-19 swab test result, with the test having been taken not longer than 72 hours prior to arrival in Malta. If a negative test is not presented, a swab test on arrival or a 14 day quarantine period may be required.</li> <li>The updated 'safe corridor' and 'amber' list countries, respectively, can be both readily accessed on the following link: <a href="https://deputyprimeminister.gov.mt/en/health-promotion/covid-19/Pages/travel.aspx">https://deputyprimeminister.gov.mt/en/health-promotion/covid-19/Pages/travel.aspx</a></li> </ul>
20	NETHERLANDS	From 23/01/2021: negative PCR-test requested, max 72h prior the arrival in NL+ negative antigen test performed within 4 hours prior to departure.	<ul> <li>Self-declaratory Health Declaration, distributed by the airline company and to be filled in before boarding.</li> <li>As of January 23, 2021, all passengers traveling by airplane or boat from high-risk countries to the Netherlands, or in connection, will be required to present a negative PCR-test issued 72 hours prior to boarding from their point of origin, as well as a negative rapid test performed within 4 hours prior to departure. Test results will be accepted in Dutch, English, French, German or Spanish.</li> <li>Since January 23 2021 there is a ban on flights coming from the United Kingdom, South-Africa, Cape Verde, Panama, the Dominican Republic and all the countries in South America to the Netherlands. The ban is valid for a month or until the new quarantine-law is passed.</li> <li>Travelers from outside the EU are not allowed to enter the Netherlands, with exception of certain limited categories of travelers. Dutch nationals are permitted to return to the Netherlands.</li> <li><a href="https://www.government.nl/topics/coronavirus-covid-19/tackling-new-coronavirus-in-the-netherlands/travel-and-holidays/visiting-the-netherlands">https://www.government.nl/topics/coronavirus-covid-19/tackling-new-coronavirus-in-the-netherlands/travel-and-holidays/visiting-the-netherlands</a></li> </ul>
21	POLAND	(until Feb.14) Mandatory 10 days quarantine for train, bus and plane passengers crossing the border – does not apply to persons with negative COVID test within 48 hours from the time of the test result	<ul> <li>As of 13 June 2020, Poland has restored full border traffic within the internal borders of the European Union, and travellers have regained the right to free entry, exit and transit through the territory of the Republic of Poland. International rail traffic within the EU's internal borders has also been resumed, and from 17 June 2020, international flights have been partially resumed.</li> <li>Our country's borders that are also the EU's external borders, remain closed.</li> <li>A 10-day quarantine is imposed on persons crossing the borders of the Republic of Poland that are also the external borders of the EU, when traveling to their place of residence or stay.</li> <li>Restrictions do not apply to vaccinated persons         <u>https://www.gov.pl/web/coronavirus/travel</u> </li> </ul>
22	PORTUGAL	COVID-19 test 72h before traveling	<ul> <li>As of January 29th, commercial or private, from all airlines, flights to and from Brazil are suspended until 15 April.</li> <li>Restrictive measures in place on air traffic to and from Portugal, authorizing only essential journeys.</li> <li>Essential journeys are the following:         <ul> <li>Those carried out to allow the transit, entry or departure from Portugal of nationals of the EU, or states associated with the Schengen Area (Liechtenstein, Norway, Iceland and Switzerland), and members of their families, under the terms of Directive 2004/38/EC of the Parliament and the Council, and third-country nationals legally resident in an EU Member State;</li> <li>Those intended to allow the transit, entry or departure from Portugal, of third-country nationals traveling for professional reasons, for study, for family reunions, for health or humanitarian reasons, and on a reciprocal basis.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Admission for passengers traveling on tourism remains suspended.</li> </ul>

			<ul> <li>All passengers must present, at the time of departure, a proof of Covid-19 test (only PCR tests are accepted), with a negative result, obtained up to 72 hours prior to departure.</li> <li>The Covid-19 test proof presentation is exempt for the following situation: For passengers in transit regardless of the final destination when it is not necessary to leave the airport facilities.</li> </ul>
23	ROMANIA	Mandatory 14 days quarantine	<ul> <li>During this period, only long-term study visas, highly qualified work, family reunification and humanitarian cases (but so far, none).</li> <li>RO applies "Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the European Council and the Council - On the third assessment of the application of the temporary restriction on non-essential travel to the EU".</li> <li>Self-declaratory Health Declaration, distributed by the airline company or via mobile phone after landing.</li> <li>Passengers arriving from Brazil will be quarantined for 14 days. The quarantine of persons is established at the person's home, at a location declared by him or, as the case may be, in a special space designated by the authorities. Quarantine is recommended for all people who live at the same address.</li> <li><a href="http://eviza.mae.ro/Latest_http://igi.mai.gov.ro/en">http://eviza.mae.ro/Latest_http://igi.mai.gov.ro/en</a></li> </ul>
24	SLOVAKIA	Negative test or mandatory self- isolation for the persons arriving from certain countries until the negative result (test could be done earliest on the 5th day of self isolation)	<ul> <li>Persons who during the previous 14 days visited only EU member states are ordered a self-isolation until they receive the negative RT-PCR test result done in the laboratories outside of the territory not older than 72 hours.</li> <li>Persons who during the previous 14 days visited a country which is not a member state of the EU are ordered a self-isolation until they receive the negative RT-PCR test for COVID-19.</li> <li>All persons above are ordered to report this fact immediately after returning to the country by phone or electronically to the competent regional Public Health Authority.</li> <li>The above measures do not apply to persons, who during the previous 14 days visited only the low-risk countries or other to whom exemptions apply (see link <u>https://www.mzv.sk/web/en/covid-19</u>).</li> <li>Foreigners (including EU citizens) who have visited a country not listed as a "low-risk country" (except for the Slovak Republic) within the period of last 14 days, may enter through the internal borders of the SR with the CZ, AT, PL and HU, as well as air borders (border crossing points located at the airports on the territory of the SR) provided that they comply with the quarantine measures of the Public Health Authority (they remain in self-isolation until they receive the negative RT-PCR test result for COVID-19 done in the SK).</li> </ul>
25	SLOVENIA	Without quarantine if PCR test (48hrs prior to entrance) or 10 days mandatory quarantine	<ul> <li>Certain temporary restrictions of traffic are still valid not only on the border with Croatia, but also on the internal Schengen borders. A new ordinance on measures at the state border to prevent the spread of COVID-19 has entered into force on 8 June 2020. A list of countries (red, yellow, green) is constantly updated.</li> <li>Brazil is currently amongst the countries on the RED LIST, for which 10-days quarantine is mandatory. The quarantine can be avoided with a negative PCR test (48 hours prior entrance) to all travellers arriving in Slovenia, irrespective of citizenship or residence.</li> <li>There is a list of recognised laboratories in Brazil accepted, beyond the tests being made within the EU/Schengen area.</li> <li>If there is no valid negative test, mandatory quarantine for 10 days.</li> </ul>
26	SPAIN	PCR required/Quarant ine of 10 days	GENERAL RESTRICTION FOR FLIGHTS COMING FROM BRAZIL         From 3 <sup>rd</sup> February flights to Spain from Brazil are only allowed if occupied by:         •       Spanish citizens         •       Andorran citizens         •       Holders of residence permits of Spain or Andorra (no visas)

	•	eck trictions)	<ul> <li>Passengers on international transit to a non-Schengen country with a stopover of less than 24 hours (without leaving the transit area of the Spanish airport).</li> <li>ENTRY CONDITIONS FOR THOSE WHO CAN FLY TO SPAIN</li> <li>Those allowed to enter Spain coming from Brazil (see above), must have a negative PCR test made 72 hours before arrival to Spain and will be subject to a 10-day quarantine at their residence or accommodation. Travellers transiting to a non-Schengen country are exempted from PCR or quarantine.</li> </ul>
			All passengers whose origin is any port or airport out of Spain should fill a document, before travelling to Spain. It is a public health document you can access in the web page <u>www.spth.gob.es</u> or through the App SPAIN TRAVEL HEALTH-SpTH. Once the document is filled, the passenger shall obtain a QR code, to show when entering Spain.
27	test 48 h SWEDEN Self and con	gative PRC t-test maximum hours old f-quarantine d avoid close ntacts with ers for seven /s	<ul> <li>The general entry ban has been extended until 31 May. At the same time, the separate entry restrictions on travel from Denmark and Norway will be lifted from 31<sup>st</sup> of March.</li> <li>The separate entry restrictions that apply for travel from Denmark, Norway and the UK will be lifted on 31 March. After 31 March, Denmark and Norway will be subject to the same rules that apply to other EEA countries, and the UK to the same rules as other countries outside the EEA.</li> <li>The negative test result must not be more than 48 hours old.</li> <li>https://government.se/press-releases/2021/03/extension-of-general-entry-ban-and-testing-requirement-for-travel-from-all-countries-and-lifting-of-separate-entry-restrictions-for-travel-from-denmark-and-norway</li> <li>www.government.se</li> <li>www.regeringen.se</li> <li>https://polisen.se/en</li> <li>https://polisen.se/en</li> <li>https://www.folkhalsomyndigheten.se/the-public-health-agency-of-sweden/communicable-disease-control/covid-19/if-you-are-planning-to-travel/recommendations-for-travelling/</li> </ul>
28	UK 19 tak	gative COVID- test result ten up to 3 days fore departure	<ul> <li>If you intend to travel to England, Scotland, or Wales from abroad, including UK nationals returning home, you must provide evidence of a negative COVID-19 test result taken up to 3 days before departure. If you do not comply (and you do not have a valid exemption) your airline or carrier may refuse you boarding and/or you may be fined on arrival.</li> <li>Before you return to the UK you must provide your journey and contact details. You must self-isolate when you enter the UK from any foreign country except Ireland, unless you have a valid exemption.</li> <li>From 15 January, direct flights from Brazil to the UK are prohibited. Visitors who have been in or transited through Brazil in the previous 10 days cannot enter the UK. British and Irish nationals, and third country nationals with residence rights in the UK arriving in the UK from Brazil will need to self-isolate along with their households on their return.</li> <li>From 1 January onwards people with residence rights include: holders of Indefinite Leave to Remain; holders of existing leave to enter or remain (i.e those with biometric Residence permits) or an entry clearance/visa that grants such leave e.g. students, workers, etc (excluding visit visas); holders of EU Settlement Scheme ("EUSS") leave; those who have rights of entry under the Withdrawal Agreements (including returning residents with a right of residence under the EEA Regulations and EEA frontier workers); family members of EEA nationals with rights under the Withdrawal Agreement.</li> </ul>

			https://www.gov.uk/guidance/coronavirus-covid-19-travel-corridors
			https://www.gov.uk/foreign-travel-advice/brazil
29	SWITZERLAND	Negative PCR test no older than 72 hours before boarding and mandatory 10 days quarantine for the persons arriving from high risk areas (including Brasil)	<ul> <li>Travelers from countries with incidence at least 60 higher than Switzerland (number of positive cases for 100 000 heads of person) have to register with the authorities and go into self-isolation. The list, which is available on internet, includes Brazil from 21.01.21, Visitors who have spent time in these countries in the previous 14 days must notify the Cantonal authority immediately on arrival and then go into quarantine for 10 days.</li> <li>From 22.2.21:         <ul> <li>All passengers arriving in Switzerland must complete a form with their coordinates in Switzerland (Exception: transit passenger to an non-Schengen State)</li> <li>All travelers from the high risk area (including Brazil) must present at boarding their flight a compulsory <b>PCR Covid-19 test</b> taken up no later than 72 hours before entering Switzerland with a negative result and undergo a mandatory <b>quarantine</b> (absolute interdiction of leaving the residence or accommodation for any reason) of 10 days upon arrival. This quarantine can be lifted with the agreement of the local health authorities after 7 days if the result of a rapid antigen test or a PCR Covid-19 test taken up from the seventh day of the quarantine is negative (exceptions: see internet site of Consulado geral da Suiça no Rio de Janeiro).</li> <li>Transit through Switzerland to another country in the European Union or the Schengen Area is only allowed for citizens of Switzerland and countries of the Schengen Area as well as foreigners with a valid residence authorization in the country of destination. PCR Covid-19 test as above is required.</li> <li>Transit through Switzerland to a third country outside the Schengen area is allowed for all citizens (including Brasil). PCR Covid-19 is not required for the transit in Zürich. Nevertheless, Covid-19 test will probably be required by the country of destination.</li> </ul> </li> <li>For more details see the FPS Public Health website: <u>https://www.sem.admi</u></li></ul>
30	NORWAY	Yes	<ul> <li>Stricter rules as from January, 29th, 2021. In general, only Norwegian citizens and foreign nationals who reside in Norway will be permitted to enter.</li> <li>The following groups of people no longer have access to the country:</li> <li>foreign nationals residing in the EEA and EEA nationals residing in third countries (unless covered by exemptions that also apply to third-country nationals);</li> <li>family members apart from nuclear families in which the children are minors, for both EEA nationals and others, meaning that grandparents, adult children, parents of adult children and romantic partners may no longer visit;</li> <li>foreign nationals from countries outside the EEA who are granted a residence permit in connection with work or study, including as a seasonal worker or student;</li> <li>a foreign national who is to work with film or series production or as a researcher who is exempt from the requirement of a residence permit.</li> <li>Exemptions are still provided for some groups. Groups with permission to enter include:</li> <li>foreign nationals who reside in Norway;</li> <li>foreign nationals for whom special reasons indicate they should be granted the right to enter, such as specific care responsibilities for persons in Norway or other compelling welfare considerations;</li> </ul>

Foreign nationals who are to carry out agreed or formalised parent-child contact;
close family members of persons residing in Norway, i.e. spouses/registered partners/cohabitants, minor children or stepchildren,
parents or stepparents of minor children or stepchildren;
journalists and other personnel on assignment for a foreign media institution;
Foreign nationals who plan an airport stopover in Norway (both in international airport transit and within Schengen);
Seafarers and aviation personnel;
Foreign nationals who perform commercial transport of goods and passengers;
Foreign nationals who work in critical public functions;
health personnel from Sweden and Finland who work in the Norwegian health and care services.
Rules upon entry into Norway - https://www.helsenorge.no/en/coronavirus/international-travels/#Travel-registration-form
Complete the registration form prior to traveling.
Present documentation of a negative test result for the coronavirus taken within the 24 hours prior to the scheduled departure time of the first leg of air travel
Testing upon arrival in Norway, within 24 hours.
Enter a 10 days quarantine period.
Entry registration - https://reg.entrynorway.no/
In order to improve infection control, all persons arriving in Norway from red countries must register prior to their arrival in Norway and may only register their journey within 72 hours of their time of arrival. This also applies to Norwegian citizens.
Requirement of negative Covid-19 test to enter Norway.
Approved test methods are PCR or antigen rapid test. The test may be taken within the 24 hours prior to the scheduled departure time of the first leg of air travel. The certificate must be in Norwegian, Swedish, Danish, English, French or German. Foreign nationals who cannot document a negative Covid-19 test upon arrival can be refused entry to Norway.
Travel quarantine
Anyone returning from red countries or areas within the EEA region or Switzerland must stay in quarantine for 10 days after the date of their arrival in Norway. This is referred to as travel quarantine. See NIPH for an overview of the relevant countries -
<u>https://www.fhi.no/en/op/novel-coronavirus-facts-advice/facts-and-general-advice/entry-quarantine-travel-covid19/#International-travel</u> Violation of the guarantine duty is a criminal offence.

Platform for Europe: http://reopen.europa.eu./ : operating since 15 June and providing real-time information on borders, means of transport, travel restrictions, public health and safety measures such as physical distancing or the wearing of facemasks